

15-27th 1st SUMMERSCHOOL **July 2019** Hochschule Geisenheim University































Viticulture and wine in Romania - organic wine tasting -

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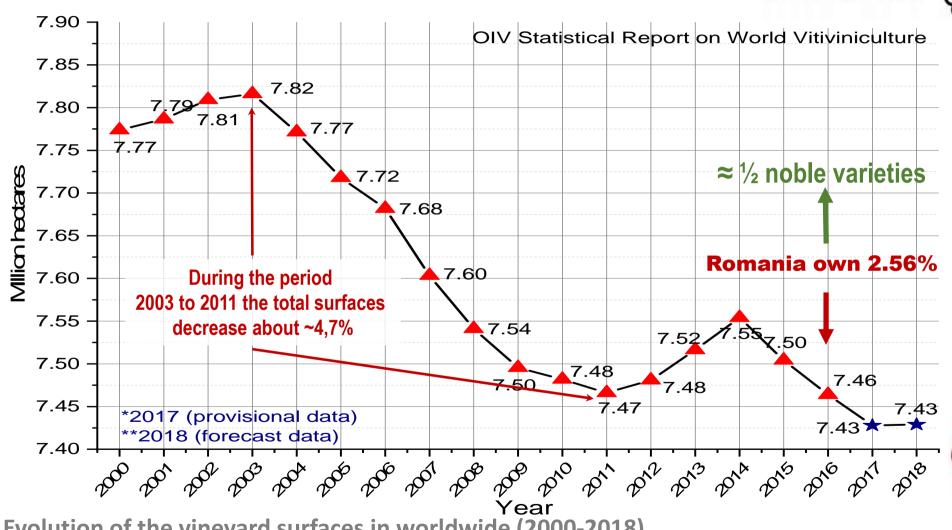


Total surface cultivated with grapevines:

- Romanian National Institute of Statistics (INS, 2016): ≈ 178.200 hectares
- EUROSTAT (2015): ≈ 183.717 hectares
- OIV (2016): ≈ 191.356 hectares and the provisional and forecast data indicate a 0% variations for 2017 and 2018.
- Important to know about the available data: about a half from total surfaces include the family gardens which are most often cultivated with old grapevine hybrids
- Simplifying the statistical data reports: officially own about 190000 hectares in 2016, but probably not more than 100000 hectares cultivated with noble varieties
- These vineyards have stagnated during 2017 and 2018 according to the provisional and forecast data provided by OIV.









Evolution of the vineyard surfaces in worldwide (2000-2018)





The official information provided by Romanian Government – M.A.D.R. (Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development) in the 3rd trimester of 2018 regarding the organic surfaces cultivated with grapes.

Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Grapevine (hectars)	894.13	842.28	1,648.81	1,975.53	2,089.36	2,159.85	2,024.34	2,168.82

- European Statistical Office (EUROSTAT): 2,196 hectares of vineyards include organic vineyards and also the conversion surfaces.
- Only 75% (1,652 hectares) are fully organic vineyards at the moment.







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Synthesizing all available data:

Romania have:

- less than 0.9% organic of the total vineyard surfaces (including familial gardens);
- about 1.7% organic of the vineyard surfaces cultuivated with noble varieties.

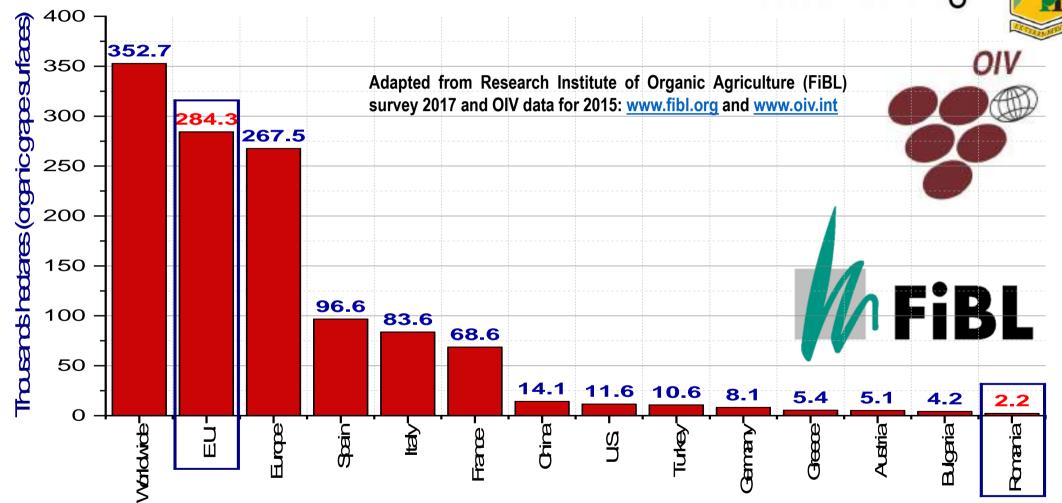
Next 2-3 years: an excepted slight increase of these surfaces to over 1.1% or respectively 2.2%.

Not all the reported organic grape surfaces are used for wine grapes.

But, Romania do not excel at table grapes production and this allowed us to make a rough estimation.



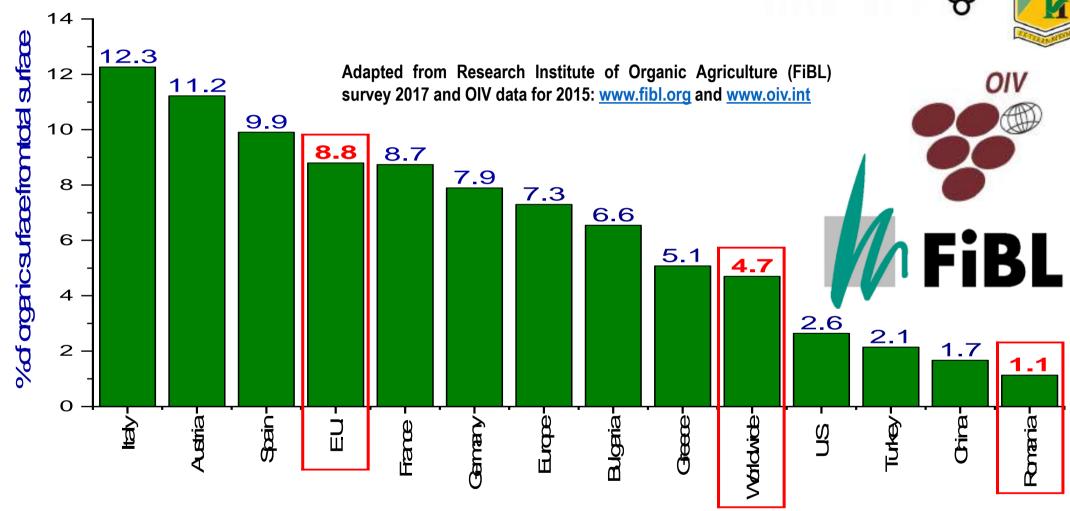




Organic vineyard surfaces expressed as thousands hectares in 2015







Organic vineyards as percentage of total vineyard surfaces in 2015

OENOBIO STATISTICAL DATA: WINE PRODUCTION 300 297.73 292.30 290.08 290 **≈ 13** (organic wine) 282.82 **Milianshedditers** 280 278.78 274.70 277.68 272.86 269.01 270 267.83 269.1 269.90 265.41 268.08 264.21 264.13 260 258.04 257.29 250 249.80 *2017 (provisional data) **2018 (forecast data) OIV Statistical Report on World Vitiviniculture 240

Worldwide wine production (excluding grape juices and musts) during the period 2000-2018

STATISTICAL DATA: WINE PRODUCTION

TION OENOBIO ON Statistical Report on World Vitiviniculture

Wine production, thousand hl

Year	Austria	Bulgaria	China	France	Germany	Hungary	Italy	Romania	S. Africa	Spain	U.S.	World
2000	2338	3305	10500	57541	9852	4299	51620	5456	6949	41692	21500	278919
2001	2531	2260	10800	53389	8891	5406	49865	5090	6471	30500	19200	265523
2002	2599	1982	11200	50353	9885	3333	42507	5461	7189	33478	20300	257380
2003	2526	2314	11600	46360	8191	3880	41807	5555	8853	41843	19500	264295
2004	2735	1949	11700	57386	10007	5272	49935	6166	9279	42988	20109	297792
2005	2264	1708	11800	52105	9153	2900	50566	2602	8406	36158	22888	277683
2006	2256	1757	11900	52127	8916	3100	52036	5014	9398	38273	19440	282817
2007	2628	1796	12500	45672	10261	3222	45981	5289	9783	36408	19870	268074
2008	2993	1617	12600	42654	9991	3460	46970	5159	10165	35913	19340	269189
2009	2352	1246	12800	46269	9228	3065	47314	6703	9986	36093	21965	269358
2010	1737	1030	13000	44381	6906	1646	48525	3287	9327	35353	20887	262656
2011	2814	1098	13426	50757	9132	2508	42772	4058	9725	33397	19140	267509
2012	2125	1337	16065	41548	9012	1765	45616	3311	10569	31123	21650	260027
2013	2392	1755	13693	42134	8409	2644	54029	5113	10982	45308	24366	291006
2014	1999	833	13496	46534	9202	2427	44229	3750	11460	39494	23098	269972
2015	2268	1367	13345	46977	8819	2780	49996	3628	11231	37703	21731	275238
2016	1953	1245	13217	45219	9013	2820	50920	3267	10531	39670	23715	269012
2017	2500	1100	11600	36400	7500	3200	42500	4300	10800	32500	23300	249800
2018	2800	1000	9300	49100	9800	3600	54800	5100	9500	44400	23900	292300
*%	18.8	-19.3	-28.2	9.8	11.1	32.4	14.2	17.7	-8.6	18.8	8.1	8.0



^{*}The percentages represent the ratio between wine production in 2018 and the average production of last 10 years

STATISTICAL DATA: WINE PRODUCTION



- The official data regarding the total wine produced by romania
- The official answer of the Romanian authorities (MADR & ONVPV) regarding on a request about organic grape and wine production highlights the lack of any statistics on this subject or the existent statistical data refers to all organic production from Romania.
- The lack of the organic grapes and wine statistical data: estimation from the available data
- Starting from the following hypoteses:
 - ✓ ≈ 2200 hectares of organic wine grape surface cultivated in Romania in 2018;
 - √ 10 years of statistical data point out an average of ≈ 9 tonnes of grapes / hectare under conventional production, but in organic production about -20% gives us a good estimation of ≈ 7 tonnes grapes / hectares under organic production;
 - ✓ result a rough production: 7 tonnes / hectare x 2200 hectares ≈ 15400 tonnes of organic grapes;
 - ✓ using an average wine yield production: 15400 x 10 quintal of organic grapes x 0.5 η
 - ✓ and the result is probably not more than ≈ 77000 hl Romanian organic wine





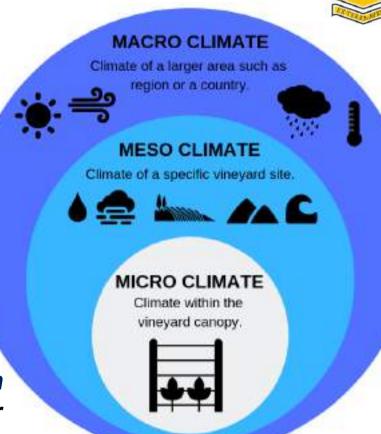






- Romania is characterized by a significant variability regarding:
 - Ecopedology (soil types, composition and properties, morphology and orography);
 - Ecoclimate having a great influence on grapevine phenology and physiology;

These conditions *contributes to differentially grape maturation process* even on the same grape variety from a region to another depending on the geographical position!







Vineyards are located in continuous chains, or else in tight massives:

- resulting wide regions and separate wine centers from the ecological point of view;
- generally overlap on the formed historical provinces;
- on the same time, these vineyards possess particularities regarding:
 - Ecological conditions;
 - Grape varieties;
 - Applied viticultural and winemaking technologies;
 - Quality and quantity of the resulted wines.





The Romanian Viticulture accommodate in:

- ✓ precise delimited areas, within which can be produced high quality wines with the right of Controlled Designation of Origin (DOC Denumire de Origine Controlată);
- ✓ larger areas but still common characteristics, within which can be produced quality wines with the right of Geographical Indication (GI Indicatie Geografica).

✓ and the rest of the surfaces, within which can be produced varietal wines and table wines without any right of protection.

Controlled Designation of Origin logo







The enrolling of Romanian Viticulture into the European Union wine growing zones is regulated by European Commission No. 491/2009 with the following main permissions:

- Zone B increase of natural alcoholic strength with maximum 2% vol.
 decrease of total acidity of the resulted wine with maximum 1 g/l as tartaric acid
- Zone CI | increase of natural alcoholic strength with maximum 1.5% vol.
- Zone CII increase of wine total acidity with maximum 2.5 g/l as tartaric acid

OENOBIO & PARTICULARITIES OF ROMANIAN VITICULTURE 3.8% from total surface ROMANIAN WINE REGIONS ENROLLED IN V. Crisana and Maramures Hills TO THE EUROPEAN WINE REGIONS (CI zone) 5.4% from total surface II. Moldova Hills (Cl zone) 36.8% from total surface ≈190000 ha according III. Muntenia and Oltenia Hills to statistics (CI și CII zones) (including family gardens) 29.3% from total surface

VIII. Sands and other favorable terrains from southern (CII zone)
7.1% from total surface

VI. Banat Hills (CI zone)
2.3% from total surface

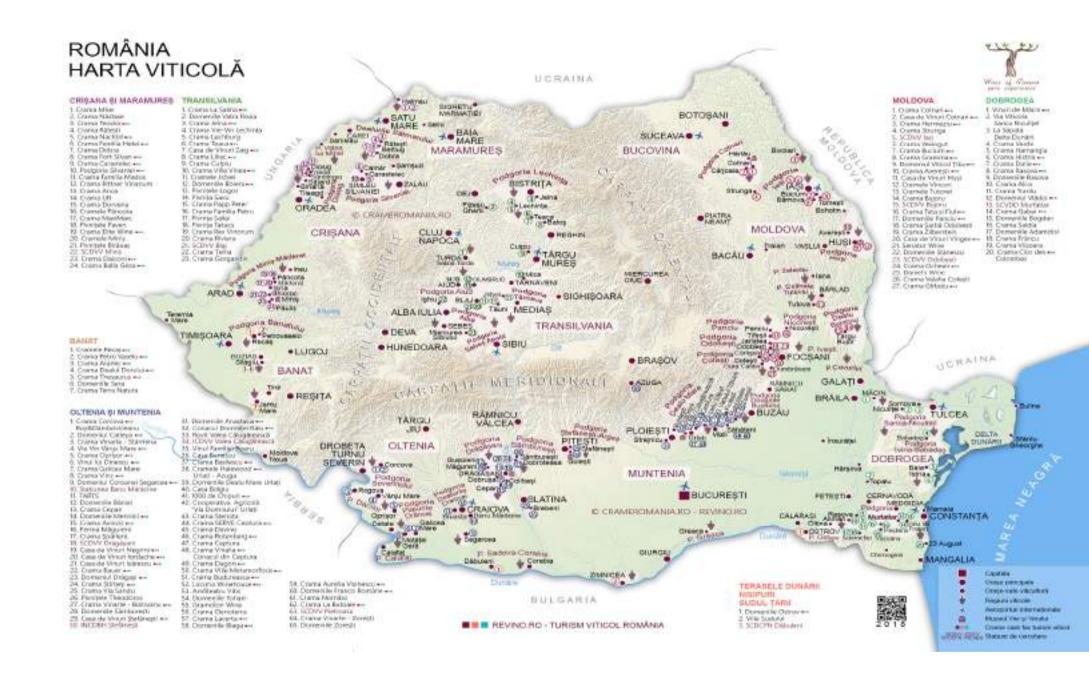
6.1% fom total surface

VII. Danube Teraces (Cli zone)

17

IV. Dobrogea Hills (CII zone)

9.2% from total surface









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Băbească neagră

Novac



Fetească neagră



Busuioacă de Bohotin

Negru de Drăgășani

The main native red and rose grape varieties













Fetească regală



Tămâioasă românească



Fetească albă



Şarbă

Grasă de Cotnari

The main native white grape varieties











Frâncușă

Crâmpoșie

Plăvaie

Mustoasa de Măderat



Galbenă de Odobești

The main native white grape varieties





International varieties: Cabernet Sauvignon, Merlot, Riesling, Sauvignon blanc, Pinot gris, Pinot noir, Chardonnay, Muscat Ottonel, Aligoté, and other.



Variety area under vine (hectares)

1	Fetească regală	12,972.56
2	Fetească albă	12,850.58
3	Merlot	11,407.38
4	Aligoté	6,567.80
5	Riesling	6,333.12
6	Sauvignon	4,973.38
7	Cabernet Sauvignon	4,832.71
8	Muscat Ottonel	3,987.15
9	Roşioară	2,876.13
10	Băbească neagră	2,770.97
11	Fetească neagră	2,348.91
12	Others	109,849.05
	Total	181,769.74



ROMANIAN ORGANIC WINE PRODUCERS



The main organic wine producers from Romania and cultivated grape varieties (about 50% from total organic surface)

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Producer	Wine region	Organic surface	*Grape varieties symbols
Senator Wine Prodimpex	Însurăței – DOC (CII)	250 hectares	FA, FN, BN
Domeniul Bogdan S.A.	Murfatlar – DOC (CII)	154 hectares	FN, PN, CS, ME, SY, SB, MO, R
Vifrana – Crama Frâncu	Adamclisi – DOC (CII)	130 hectares	CH, SB, CS, PN, FN, SY
Domeniile Adamclisi	Adamclisi – DOC (CII)	126 hectares	CS, PN, ME
Terra Natura	Banat – DOC (CI)	80 hectares	ME, CS, FN, PN, RI, SB, PG, MO
Vitis Metamorfosis	Dealu Mare – DOC (CII)	15 hectares	CS, FN, ND, MO, TR, FR, FA
Transilvania's Wine - Lechburg	Lechința – DOC (B)	70 hectares	PG, PN, GT, F, SB, R
Research Station for Viticulture and Oenology Murfatlar	Murfatlar – DOC (CII)	45 hectares	CO, CH, FN, CS, PN
Cramele Halewood	Dealu Mare – DOC (CII) Murfatlar – DOC (CII)	20 hectares 45 hectares	PN, FN, CS, ME, CH, SY, VI, FR, TR, PG, SB, CF, R, GT, FA, I, SG, SE
Petro Vaselo – Vigna	Banat – DOC (CI)	42 hectares	CS, ME, PN, CH, R
Domeniile Franco-Române	Dealu Mare – DOC (CII)	40 hectares	CH, R, FN, ME, PN
Crama Nachbil - Weingut Brutler & Lieb	Dealurile Sătmarului - IG (CI)	23 hectares	CH, GR, PG, MM, FR, SV, GT, R, CS, PN, BL, SY, ME, FN
Crama Delta Dunarii S.R.L. – La Sapata	Sarica Niculițel – DOC (CII)	20 hectares	FR, R, SB, MO, ME, BN, B, SG.
Organic Budureasca	Dealu Mare – DOC (CII)	7 hectares	ME
Domeniile La Migdali	Dealu Mare – DOC (CII)	4 hectares	CS, SY

*FR – Fetească regală; FA – Fetească alba; CO – Columna; BN – Băbească neagră; FN – Fetească neagră; ND – Negru de Drăgășani; TR – Tămâioasă românească; MO – Muscat Ottonel; SB – Sauvignon blanc; R – Riesling; CH – Chardonnay; GT – Gewürztraminer; PG – Pinot gris; PN – Pinot noir; B – Blauer; SG – Sangiovese; SY – Syrah; M – Merlot; CS – Cabernet Sauvignon; GR – Grünspitz; SV – Sylvaner; BL – Blaufränkisch; I – Iordană; VI – Viognier; SE – Semillon; CF – Cabernet Franc.



LIST OF ORGANIC WINE TASTING

Wines from 6 Romanian producers

OENOBIO &

- I. Transilvania Plateau (B zone)
- 3 x organic wines from "Transilvania's wine Lechburg"
 - 1. Dry White Pinot Grigio 2017 / 2018 Lechința DOC*
 - 2. Dry White Fetească regală 2018 Lechința DOC
 - 3. Dry Wine Gewurztraminer 2018 Lechinta DOC

- 9 of 14 are organic wines for tasting
- 1 of 2 conventional wines without added SO₂

II. Moldova Hills (CI zone)

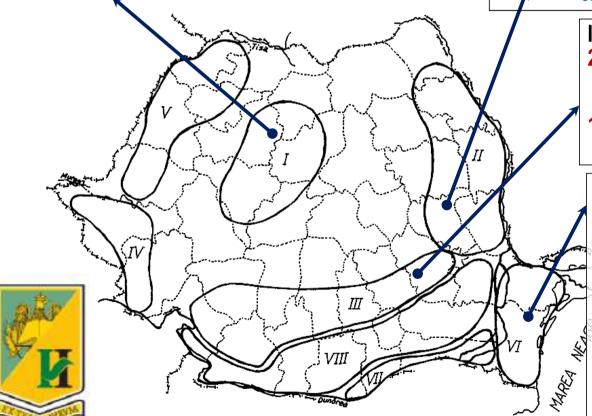
- 2 x conventional wines without SO₂ from "Domeniile Panciu"
 - 4. Dry Rosé Cab. Sauvignon 2018 Panciu DOC
 - 5. Dry Red Cab. Sauvignon 2018 Panciu DOC*



- 2 x organic wines from "Cramele Halewood"
 - 6. Dry Red Pinot noir 2018 Dealu Mare DOC*
 - 7. Dry Red Merlot 2018 Dealu Mare DOC
- 1 x organic wine from "Domeniile Franco-române"
 - 8. Dry Red Pinot noir 2015 Dealu Mare DOC

IV. Dobrogea Hills (CII zone)

- 3 x organic wines from "Domeniul Bogdan"
 - 9. Dry White Chardonnay 2018 Murfatlar DOC
 - 10. Dry Rosé Merlot & Fet. neagra 2018 Murfatlar DOC
 - 11. Dry Red Feteasca neagra 2017– Murfatlar DOC
- 3 x organic wines from "Crama Frâncu"
 - 12. Dry Red Syrah 2018 Adamclisi DOC*
 - 13. Dry Red Feteasca neagra 2015 Adamclisi DOC
 - 14. Dry Red Cab. Sauvignon 2015 Adamclisi DOC



Name of the company: Transilvania Wine S.R.L. - Lechburg

Wine region: Lechința DOC belong to Transilvania Plateau (B zone)

Vineyard surface: 70 hectares (80% white / 20% red varieties)

Density of plants/hectare: 5000

Plants age: 7-9 years

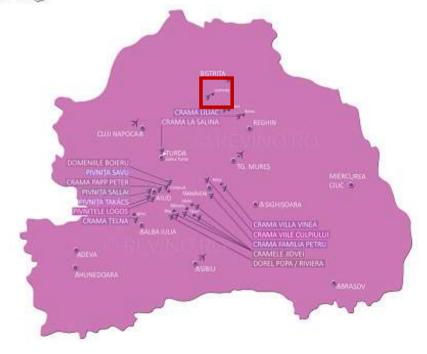
Control and certification body: CERES GmbH

(starting with 2015)









Climate: temperate continental, with an average annual temperature of 8°C and the presence of fog during the days of late summer and early autum.

Soil: clay-loam

Altitude: 380-520 m

Precipitations: 600-700 mm with above 250-

300 mm during the vegetation period.

Heat accumulation: 3300 (temperatures >0°C)

Sunshine duration: ≈2000 hours/year









1. Dry White – Pinot Grigio 2017 / 2018 – Lechința DOC

OENOBIO &



Vinification: low temperature skin contact, soft pressing, settling, controlled AF

Maturation: 8 months on lees in concrete tanks, stirred every week

% vol. alc.	TA, g/l tartaric acid	VA, g/I acetic acid	Free SO ₂ , mg/l	Total SO ₂ , mg/l	G+F, g/I	рН	L-malic acid, g/l
14.68	5.42	0.42	n.d.	10.72	0.31	3.55	0.02



Producer's description:

 On the nose, fragant notes of limes and pear, with softer hints of honey completed by refreshing eucalypt.

In the mouth is percieved good balance and savory.

2. Dry White – Fetească regală 2018 – Lechința DOC

OENOBIO &

- Yield: 6 tones/hectare, harvested in the middle of october
- Vinification: low temperature skin contact, soft pressing, settling, controlled AF
- Maturation: 8 months on lees in concrete tanks, stirred every week

% vol. alc.	TA, g/I tartaric acid.		Free SO ₂ , mg/l	Total SO ₂ , mg/l	G+F, g/I		L-malic acid, g/l
12.69	7.35	0.33	18.24	73.12	0.40	3.37	1.54





Producer's description:

 On the nose, fruity beginning with notes of yellow peach, it turns on floral notes of wisteria, ending with hints of herbs especially sage.

In the mouth is percieved an excellent balance and freshness.
I D

3. Dry White – Gewurztraminer 2018 – Lechința DOC

OENOBIO &



- Yield: 4 tones/hectare, harvested at the end of october
- Vinification: low temperature skin contact, soft pressing, settling, controlled AF
- Maturation: 6 months on lees in concrete tanks, stirred every week

% vol. alc.	TA, g/l tartaric acid.	VA, g/l acetic acid		Total SO ₂ , mg/l	G+F, g/l		L-malic acid, g/l
14.21	4.38	0.48	n.d.	20.32	0.04	3.83	0.37







Producer's description:

- On the nose, notes of golden apples, grape juice, ripe yellow flowers, ripened peach and vanilla.
- Sweet and smooth taste, that gives a generous and full flavour profile.

Name of the company: Natura S.R.L. -

Domeniile Panciu

Wine region: Panciu DOC belongs to Moldova

Hills wine region (CI zone)

Vineyard surface: 120 hectares (62% white /

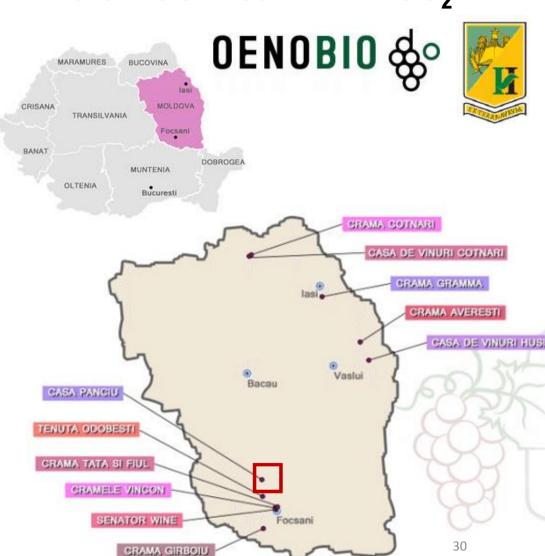
38% red varieties), only conventional growing

Density of plants/hectare: 4500

Plants age: 10 years

Control and certification body: not the case





Climate: temperate continental, with an average

annual temperature of 10.2°C

Soil: clay-loam, developed on fine middle

loessoid deposits, with balanced humidity

Altitude: 150-350 m

Precipitations: 500 to 600 mm with a slight deficit of humidity beneficial for vineyards because of

650 mm potential evapotranspiration

Heat accumulation: 3700°C (temperatures >0°C)

Sunshine duration: ≈2100 hours/year













Implemented technology for the production of wines without added SO₂

- First wines produced without the addition SO₂: Cabernet Sauvignon, as rosé and red;
- Implemented technological processes:
 - permanent protection of grapes with inert gas;
 - selected yeast strains for AF, which consumes large amounts of oxygen (generally a Non-Saccharomyces yeast and then a Saccharomyces for the completion of AF);
 - control and complete the MLF of the wines, regardless of wine type, rosé or red.
- The result: insignificant amount of SO₂ (<10 mg/l), naturally occurring during AF.



4. Dry Rosé – Cabernet Sauvignon 2018 – Panciu DOC

OENOBIO &



Yield: 12 tones/hectare

Vinification: low temp. skin contact, soft pressing, settling, controlled AF and MLF

Maturation: 3 months on lees in inox tanks, stirred every week

% vol. alc.	TA, g/l tartaric acid				Reducing sugars, g/l		
12.50	6.30	0.40	5	15	2.10	18.27	0.99150





Producer's description:

- A pink salmon wine color with finely aroma of raspberries, strawberries and cherries.
- Balanced fresh taste, followed by a long pleasant aftertaste of red fruits.



5. Dry Red – Cabernet Sauvignon 2018 – Panciu DOC

OENOBIO &



Yield: 12 tones/hectare

Vinification: controlled AF on skins for 14 days at 25°C, pressing and MLF

Maturation: 3 months on lees in inox tanks, stirred every week

% vol. alc.	TA, g/l tartaric acid		Free SO ₂ , mg/l		Reducing sugars, g/l		
13.30	6.40	0.70	5	10	2.00	27.50	0.99420





Producer's description

 Deep red color with purple shades with the predominant aromas are those of red fruits, especially black cherries and blackcurrants.

 Balanced taste with notes of dried figs, pomegranates, green pepper and sweet wood powith a slightly spicy taste.



ORGANIC WINES FROM "THE ICONIC ESTATE DEALU MARE DOC"

Cramele Halewood Urlati

Casa Bolgiu

< 1006 de Chipuri

- Crama Stancia

* Domoriés Dozés Mare Ustary

Coop. Agricolà Via Dominului

5. - Comendo Anastania

- Casa Funestro

1. - Rovit Valeo Căfasilvească

CDVV Vales Caluatresscii

Name of the company: The Iconic Estate (Halewood Organic)

Wine region: Dealu Mare DOC belongs to Muntenia Hills wine region (Cll zone)

Vineyard surface: 13.89 hectares (28% white / 72% red varieties)

Density of plants/hectare: 3800

Plants age: 8 years

Control and certification body: AUSTRIA BIO GARANTIE GmbH (starting with 2017)





Crama Davino

· Crama Rotenberg

+ Crame + Conacut Vine#4

Crawia Wile Metamorfolis.

Grame Cepture

+Creme Dagon

- Hooma Winehouse

+ La Migdali

Amtiteatra vitis

Sneroofen Wine

Crama Devotena

Croms Meria Alta

8 - Domenite Tithani

Domentile Franco Romane

(0) - Crome Laborite

10 - Grama Nonebo

(B) + Crama Zoresti + Domini Be Zoresti

- Chima La Batcalo

SCDVV Flatrousia

ORGANIC WINES FROM "THE ICONIC ESTATE – DEALU MARE DOC"

- Climate: temperate continental (cold winters and hot summers), with an average annual temperature of 11.2°C.
- Soil: red clay and marl (rich in iron oxides)
- Altitude: 130-170 m at the limit of the plain and 460-550 m in the higher hills
- Precipitations: 500 to 660 mm
- Heat accumulation: ≈ 3800 to 4000 (temperatures >0°C)
- Sunshine duration: ≈ 2150-2200 hours/year









ORGANIC WINES FROM "THE ICONIC ESTATE – DEALU MARE DOC"

6. Dry Red – Pinot noir 2018 – Dealu Mare DOC

OENOBIO &



■ Yield: 9 tones/hectare, harvested on 27th september

 Vinification: spontaneous AF on skins for 13 days at 24-26°C in a vertical fermentor with pumping over the cap, pressing and than spontaneous MLF, un-oaked and without maturation on lees.

% vol. alc.	TA, g/l tartaric acid	VA, g/I acetic acid		Total SO ₂ , mg/l	Reducing sugars, g/l
13.90	4.87	0.54	32	60	4.87







ORGANIC WINES FROM "THE ICONIC ESTATE – DEALU MARE DOC"

7. Dry Red – Merlot 2018 – Dealu Mare DOC





- Yield: 8 tones/hectare, harvested on 27th september
- Vinification: spontaneous AF on skins for 15 days at 26-28°C in a vertical fermentor with pumping over the cap, pressing and than spontaneous MLF, un-oaked and without maturation on lees.

% vol. alc.	TA, g/l tartaric acid	VA, g/I acetic acid	Free SO ₂ , mg/l		Reducing sugars, g/I
13.80	5.02	0.57	33	70	3.82







ORGANIC WINE FROM "DOMENIILE FRANCO-ROMÂNE - DEALU MARE DOC"

Name of the company: **Domeniile** Franco-Române - Pietrosărații SRI

Wine region: Dealu Mare DOC belongs to Muntenia Hills wine region (CII zone)

Vineyard surface: 40 hectares (30% white / 70% red varieties)

Density of plants/hectare: 4500

Plants age: 16 years old

Control and certification body: **ECOCERT** (starting with 2007)







- PROVIT Voles Chashieusch ICDVV Valeo Cifuglireasci

- Coup. Agricolà Via Dominului Casa Bolgius
- < 1006 de Chipuri
- Crama Stancia
- + Gramie Copturé
- Creme Dagon
- Crayus Wile Metamorfolis.
- + Crame + Conacut Vine#4
- Amtiteatra vitis
- Sneroofen Wine
- Crama Devotena
- 8 Domenite Tithani
- Croms Meria Alta
- (0) Crome Laborite
- D.-Crama Novebo
- Chirta La Batcala
- SCDVV Fletousia
- (II) + Crama Zoresti Dominiëe Zoresti



ORGANIC WINE FROM "DOMENIILE FRANCO-ROMÂNE – DEALU MARE DOC"

Climate: temperate continental (cold winters and hot summers), with an average annual temperature of 10.8°C.

Soil: red clay and marl (rich in iron oxides)

Altitude: 125-250 m at the limit of the plain of

the higher hills

Precipitations: 500 to 660 mm

Heat accumulation: ≈ 3800 to 4000

(temperatures >0°C)

Sunshine duration: ≈ 2150-2200 hours/year









ORGANIC WINE FROM "DOMENIILE FRANCO-ROMÂNE - DEALU MARE DOC"

8. Dry Red – Pinot noir 2015 – Dealu Mare DOC

OENOBIO &



- Yield: 8 tones/hectare, harvested on 27th september
- Vinification: 4 days of cold soaking 10-12°C, 7 days of AF at 26-28°C using selected yeasts under opened vats, with a process of punching down the cap 2 timpes per day, controled FML and 12 months in oak barrels

% vol. alc.	TA, g/l tartaric acid					Sugar free extract, g/l	
13.20	5.70	0.79	9.08	98.11	0.81	31.1	0.99350



Producer's description:

 Complex aroma with notes of blueberries, mulberry and vanilla.

Round, balanced with good tannins for aging.

ORGANIC WINE FROM "DOMENIUL BOGDAN – MURFATLAR DOC"

Name of the company: Domeniul Bogdan SA

Wine region: Murfatlar DOC belongs to

Dobrogea Hills (CII zone)

Vineyard surface: 113 hectares organic

grapevines (43% white / 57% red varieties)

Density of plants/hectare: 4500

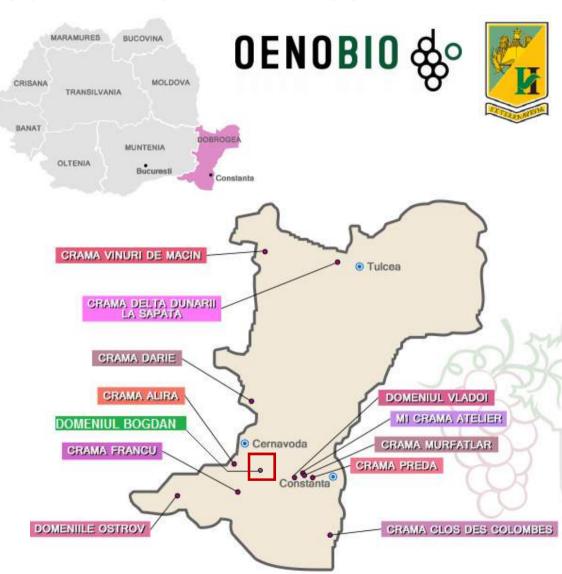
Plants age: 7 years old

Control and certification body: AUSTRIA BIO

GARANTIE (starting with 2016) and probably

DEMETER (starting with 2020)





ORGANIC WINE FROM "DOMENIUL BOGDAN – MURFATLAR DOC"

Climate: continental (mild winters and torrid summers), with an average annual temperature of 11 to 11.5°C.

Soil: carbonate chernozems on loessic

substrates

Altitude: 100-130 m

Precipitations: 380 to 420 mm with a

water deficiency of 300 mm

Heat accumulation: ≈ 4200 (temperatures

>0°C)

Sunshine duration: ≈ 2200-2300

hours/year









ORGANIC WINE FROM "DOMENIUL BOGDAN - MURFATLAR DOC"

9. Dry White – Chardonnay 2018 – MURFATLAR DOC

OENOBIO &



Yield: 4 tonnes / hectare, harvested in the middle of september

Vinification: 2 hours of cold maceration 4-6°C, soft pressing, settling, and 14 days of AF at 14°C, aging on lees in inox tanks for 3 months, weekly stirring the lees, 10% of French oaked barrel Chardonnay in final blend.

% vol. alc.	TA, g/l tartaric acid					Sugar free extract, g/l	
13.34	6.11	0.49	50.5	125.0	2.10	23.7	0.99080





Producer's description:

The olfactory is complex with floral notes and pear and exotic fruits and hints of honey and vanilla.

The taste is percieved as fresh, fruity, round and persistent.

Domeniul Bogdan

Natura intr-un pahar cu vin

ORGANIC WINE FROM "DOMENIUL BOGDAN – MURFATLAR DOC"

10. Dry Rosé - Merlot & Fet. neagră 2018 - MURFATLAR DOC OENOBIO



- Yield: 6 tonnes / hectare, harvested in september
- Vinification: 2 hours cold maceration at 4-6°C, soft pressing, settling, and 15 days
 AF at 14°C, the varieties were vinified separately and then blended.

% vol. alc.	TA, g/l tartaric acid	VA, g/l acetic acid				Sugar free extract, g/l	
13.99	5.78	0.42	33.6	103.3	3.0	19.9	0.98891



Promise Organic Stine

Producer's description:

The olfactory aromatics are strawberries raspberry and citric notes.

The taste is percieved as fresh, fruity, sustained by a good acidity and persistent.



ORGANIC WINE FROM "DOMENIUL BOGDAN - MURFATLAR DOC"

11. Dry Red – Fetească neagră 2017 – MURFATLAR DOC

OENOBIO &



- Yield: 6 tonnes / hectare, harvested in the october
- Vinification: destemmed grapes are cold soaked at 5°C followed by an AF 10 ten days at 24°C and then rised up to 28-30°C, maturation of wine in oak barrels for 6 months and bottle aged for minimum 4 months.

% vol. alc.	TA, g/l tartaric acid	VA, g/I acetic acid		L '		Sugar free extract, g/l	
14.03	4.67	0.57	28.6	84.6	2.30	25.3	0.99074



Producer's description:

The olfactory aromatics are of red forest fruits and aromatic plants as cardamon.

The taste is percieved as fresh with a good acidity, medium body and soft tannins.



Name of the company: Vifrana – Crama Frâncu

Wine region: ADAMCLISI DOC belongs to

Dobrogea Hills (CII zone)

Vineyard surface: 130 hectares organic

grapevines (25% white / 75% red varieties)

Density of plants/hectare: 4500

Plants age: 12 years old

Control and certification body: AUSTRIA BIO

GARANTIE (starting with 2009)





Climate: continental (mild winters and torrid summers), with an average annual temperature of 11°C.

Soil: loamy calcareous with loessic substrates

Altitude: 100 m

Precipitations: 380 to 420 mm with a water

deficiency of 300 mm

Heat accumulation: ≈ 4200 (temperatures >0°C)

Sunshine duration: ≈ 2200-2300 hours/year









12. Dry Red - Syrah 2018 - ADAMCLISI DOC



- Yield: 8 tonnes / hectare, harvested in the middle of october
- Vinification: 4 days cold soaking at 4°C, followed by 2 days of increasing temperature for inoculation with selected yeasts and 8 days of AF at 22°C in vertical piston fermentor (punching down the cap every 3 hours for 15 minutes) and than spontaneous FML.



	TA, g/l tartaric acid			Total SO ₂ , mg/l
14.5	6.0	0.40	28.0	51.2

	Sugar free extract, g/l	
2.6	25.0	0.99250



13. Dry Red – Fetească neagră 2015 – ADAMCLISI DOC

OENOBIO &



- Yield: 8 tonnes / hectare, harvested in the middle of september
- Vinification: 4 days of cold soaking at 4°C for 4 days, followed by 2 days of increasing temperature for inoculation with selected yeasts and 8 days of AF at 22°C in vertical piston fermentor (punching down the cap every 3 hours for 15 minutes) and spontaneous FML, maturation of wine in oak barrels for 1 to 2 years.



	TA, g/l tartaric acid			Total SO ₂ , mg/l
13.3	5.1	0.56	25.6	100.0

	Sugar free extract, g/l	
3.1	27.1	0.99340



- 14. Dry Red Cabernet Sauvignon 2015 ADAMCLISI DOC **OENOBIO**
 - Yield: 7 tonnes / hectare, harvested in the middle of october
 - Vinification: 4 days of cold soaking at 4°C, followed by 2 days of increasing temperature for inoculation with selected yeasts and 8 days of AF at 22°C in horizontal rotary fermentor (rotating every 3 hours for 15 minutes) and spontaneous FML, maturation of wine in oak barrels for 1 to 2 years.



% vol. alc.	TA, g/I tartaric acid		_	Total SO ₂ , mg/l
13.5	6.0	0.58	30.7	84.5

	Sugar free extract, g/l	
2.6	27.1	0.99390



Resources

https://www.onvpv.ro/

http://www.insse.ro/

http://www.oiv.int/

http://www.madr.ro/agricultura-

ecologica.html

https://ec.europa.eu/

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http://www.lechburg.com/it/

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https://www.pietroasaveche.ro/

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