

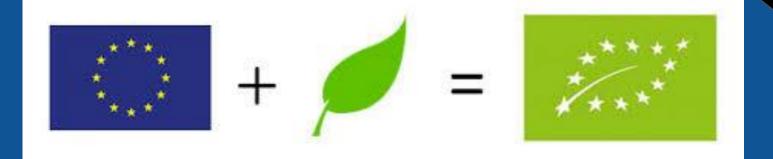
EU ACTIONS TO SUPPORT ORGANIC WINE

OENOBIO International Conference

Organic viticulture facing climate change New challenges in organic wine production and marketing

Hochschule Geisenheim University

9 November 2020



Denis de Froidmont – European Commission DG Agriculture and Rural Development – Unit B.4 Organics



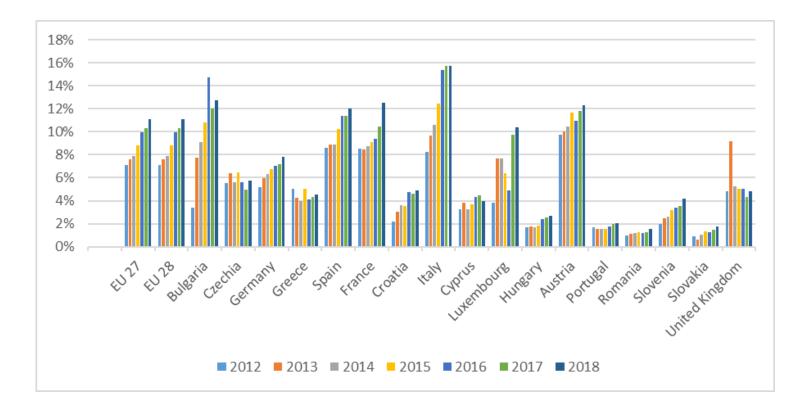
Notice légale CE DG-AGRI: Ce message exprime uniquement les points de vue de son auteur et ne saurait en aucun cas être considéré comme une position officielle de la Commission.

Disclaimer EC DG-AGRI: This message represents solely the views of its author and can not in any circumstances be regarded as the official position of the Commission.

Denis de Froidmont – European Commission DG Agriculture and Rural Development – Unit B.4 Organics



% of organic grapes (Ha)







(54) Organic wine should be subject to the relevant rules on processed organic food. However, since wine is a specific and important category of organic products, additional detailed production rules should be laid down specifically for organic wine. Organic wine should be produced entirely from organic raw material, and only certain products and substances authorised in accordance with this Regulation should be allowed to be added. The use of certain oenological practices, processes and treatments in the production of organic wine should be prohibited. Other practices, processes and treatments should be permitted under well-defined conditions.

and Rural Development

EU ensure a level playing field



- 3.2. The use of the following oenological practices, processes and treatments shall be prohibited:
 - (c) electrodialysis treatment to ensure the tartaric stabilisation of the wine in accordance with point 36 of Annex I A to Regulation (EC) No 606/2009;
 - (d) partial dealcoholisation of wine in accordance with point 40 of Annex I A to Regulation (EC) No 606/2009;
 - (e) treatment with cation exchangers to ensure the tartaric stabilisation of the wine in accordance with point 43 of Annex I A to Regulation (EC) No 606/2009.
 - 3.3. The use of the following oenological practices, processes and treatments is permitted under the following conditions:
 - (a) heat treatments in accordance with point 2 of Annex I A to Regulation (EC) No 606/2009, provided that the temperature does not exceed 75 °C;
 - (b) centrifuging and filtration with or without an inert filtering agent in accordance with point 3 of Annex I A to Regulation (EC) No 606/2009, provided that the size of the pores is not smaller than 0,2 micrometres.



(EU) 2018/848 of the

REGULATIONS

L150

1. Scope

Official Journal

1.1. In addition to the general production rules laid down in Articles 9, 10, 11, 16 and 18, the rules laid down in this Part shall apply to the organic production of the products of the wine sector as referred to in point (1) of Article 1(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013.



EU ensure a level playing field





<u>Annex V</u>

AUTHORISED PRODUCTS AND SUBSTANCES FOR USE IN THE PRODUCTION OF PROCESSED ORGANIC FOOD AND OF YEAST USED AS FOOD OR FEED

Brussels, XXX [...](2020) XXX draft

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) .../...

EUROPEAN COMMISSION

of XXX

authorising products and substances for use in organic production and establishing their lists and the complementary certificate on the non-use of antibiotics in organic livestock production and repealing Commission Regulation (EC) No 889/2008

(Text with EEA relevance)

This draft has not been adopted or endorsed by the European Commission. Any views expressed are the preliminary views of the Commission services and may not in any circumstances be regarded as stating an official position of the Commission.

Part D: Authorised products and substances for the production and conservation of organic grapevine products of the wine sector referred to in point 2.2. of Part VI of Annex II to Regulation (EU) 2018/848

Name	ID numbers	References in Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/934	Specific conditions and limits
Air		Part A, Table 1, points 1 and 8	
Gaseous oxygen	E 948/CAS 17778- 80-2	Part A, Table 1, point 1 Part A, Table 2, point 8.4	
Argon	E 938/CAS 7440-37-1	Part A, Table 1, point 4 Part A, Table 2, point 8.1	may not be used for bubbling
Nitrogen	E 941/CAS 7727-37-9	Part A, Table 1, points 4, 7 and 8 Part A, Table 2, point 8.2	
Carbon dioxide	E 290/CAS 124-38-9	Part A, Table 1, points 4 and 8 Part A, Table 2, point 8.3	
Pieces of oak wood		Part A, Table 1, point 11	
Tartaric acid (L(+)-)	E 334/CAS 87- 69-4	Part A, Table 2, point 1.1	
Lactic acid	E 270	Part A, Table 2, point 1.3	

Agriculture

na Narai Novolonmon

EU support to the organic sector



1st Pillar



wine support programmes

<u>Wine-producing EU countries</u>: BG, CZ, DE, EL, ES, FR, HR, IT, CY, LT, LU, HU, MT, AT, PT, RO, SI, SK may currently offer <u>support for the following measures</u>:

promotion in non-EU countries; informing consumers
about the responsible consumption and EU quality
schemes; restructuring and conversion of vineyards
including replanting for health or phytosanitary reasons;
green harvesting; mutual funds; harvest insurance;
investments in enterprises; innovation aiming at the
development of new products, processes and
technologies; by-product distillation.



EU support to the organic sector



1st Pillar

IF NO WINE SUPPORT PROGRAMME:

Basic Payment Scheme / Single Area Payment Scheme (€/ha with cross compliance: Statutory Management Requirements (SMRs) = in particular: animal welfare, nitrate directive, sustainable used of pesticide Directive and Good Agricultural and Environmental Conditions (GAEC)

<u>Greening</u> (up to 30 % of the direct payment): crop diversification, maintaining existing permanent grassland and having ecological focus area

nd Rural



EU support to the organic sector



2nd Pillar - Rural Development

In particular: Specific measure for maintaining organic farming or converting to organic practices:

Compensation for cost incurred and income forgone

<u>And other Rural Development measures</u> such as: Knowledge transfer and information; **Advisory services**; Investments; Cooperation;....



Promotion policy

Co-financing promotion programmes to increase consumption and gain new markets, in particular the promotion of Union quality schemes



EU Research and Innovation

Commission

In particular, dedicated organic projects on vine and wine:

RELACS, 2018-2022, Replacement of Contentious Inputs in organic farming Systems (e.g. **copper**) <u>https://cordis.europa.eu/project/rcn/215947/factsheet/en</u> 3 999 674 €

Organic-Plus, 2018–2022, Pathways to phase-out contentious inputs from organic agriculture in Europe https://cordis.europa.eu/project/rcn/215946/factsheet/en 4 091 526 €

Clim4Vitis, 2018-2021, Climate change impact mitigation for European viticulture: knowledge transfer for an integrated approach <u>https://cordis.europa.eu/project/rcn/217799/factsheet/en</u> 999 988 €

EIP-AGRI

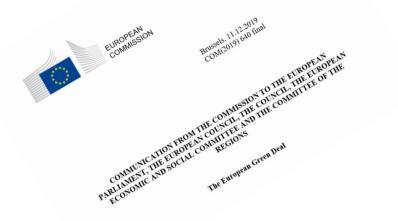
The European innovation partnership for agricultural productivity and sustainability connects farmers and researchers in order to speed-up innovation. <u>https://ec.europa.eu/eip/agriculture/en</u>



The European Green Deal

European Commission

Aariculture



"the Commission will work with the Member States and stakeholders to ensure that from the outset the **national strategic plans** for agriculture fully reflect the ambition of the Green Deal and the Farm to Fork Strategy"

These plans should lead to the use of sustainable practices, such as precision agriculture, **organic farming**, agro-ecology, agro-forestry and stricter animal welfare standards.

> The **area under organic** farming will also need to increase in Europe

The Farm to Fork Strategy



"Organic farming İS an environmentally-friendly practice that needs to be further developed. The Commission will help the EU's organic farming sector to grow, with the goal of 25 % of total farmland being used for organic farming by 2030."

food system



Make sure Europeans

affordable and

sustainable food

have access to healthy.



Tackle climate change





and preserve

biodiversity

Protect the environment

Ensure a fair economic return in the supply chain

Increase organic farming

For a fair, healthy and environmentally-frie the Commission will put forward an **Action Plan on organic** farming, This will help Member States stimulate both supply and demand for organic products nd Rural

Action plan on Organic farming

- From 4 September to 27 November 2020: **public consultation** (citizens, national authorities and relevant stakeholders) on the future action plan on organic farming.
- The aim of this public consultation is to collect the opinion on challenges and opportunities to increase the production and consumption of organic food.
- Questions divided in 5 sections:
 - 1. the state of organic production today
 - 2. Organic for all stimulating demand and consumer confidence
 - 3. Promoting organic production
 - Societal benefits the contribution to climate and environment
 - 5. the role of the EU and the road ahead





GIVE your FEEDBACK!!

https://ec.europa.eu/info/law/better-regulation/haveyour-say/initiatives/12555-Organic-farming-action-planfor-the-development-of-EU-organic-production/publicconsultation

Feedback received on 6 November: 124 contributions

https://ec.europa.eu/info/law/better-regulation/have-yoursay/initiatives/12555-Organic-farming-action-plan-for-thedevelopment-of-EU-organic-productionanicproduction/feedback?p_id=8473014





A synopsis report, summarising the results of all consultation activities, will accompany the Communication and will be published on the website of the Commission, including on the dedicated page for organics: <u>https://ec.europa.eu/info/food-farming-fisheries/farming/organic-farming/future-organics en</u>.

Communication planned for first quarter 2021

Possible follow-up initiatives resulting from this Communication, with significant expected impacts will be subject to an impact assessment, in line with the better regulation guidelines







Thank you for your attention

